



A practical example on full project cycle in an actual EU funded project

Anzelika Krastina,
Senior lecturer
Lapland University of Applied Sciences
16.3.2021



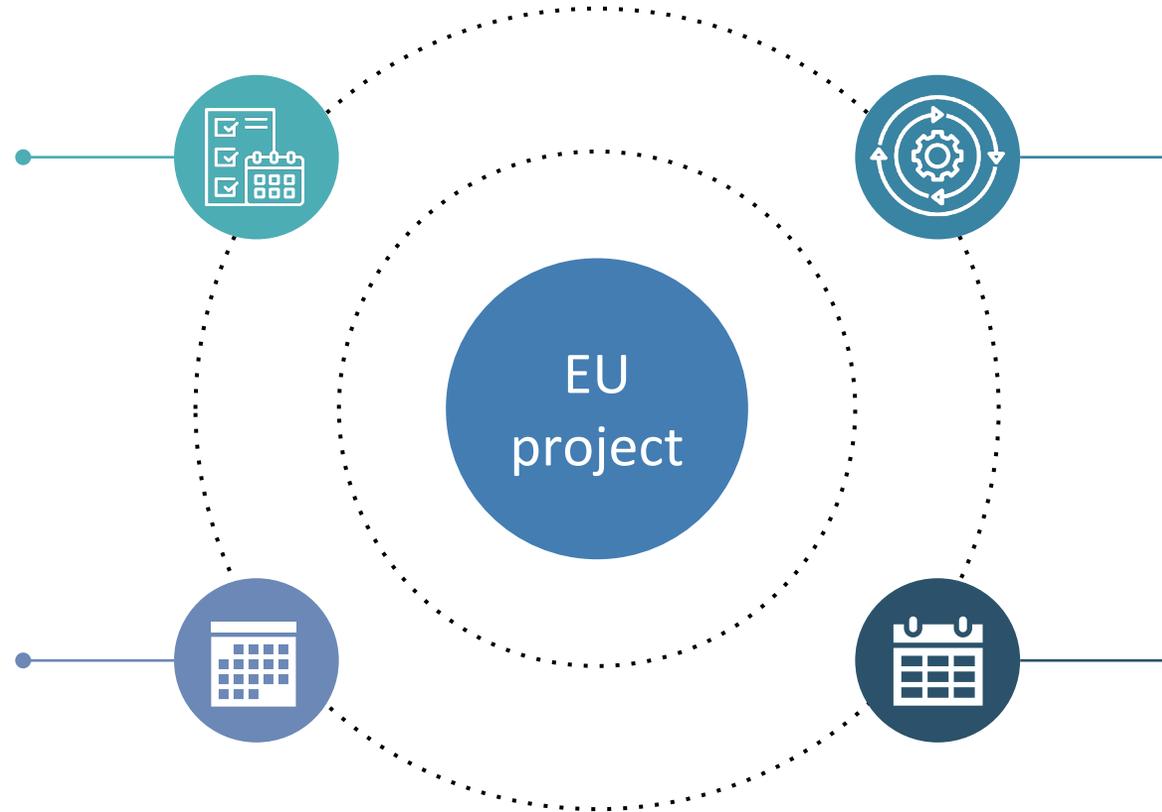
Understanding EU project

Project

A project is a series of activities aimed at bringing about clearly specified objectives within defined timeframe and budget

Logframe

The Logical Framework Matrix (the logframe) consist of a matrix summarising the key elements of a project plan



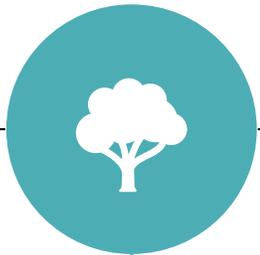
PCM

The **project cycle management** activities and decision-making procedures used during the life cycle of a project

LFA

Within the PCM, the Logical Framework Approach an analytical and management tool used by many aid agencies

EU project processes



Craft a problem tree
Why?



Navigate a map of a
project vision/LF
What?



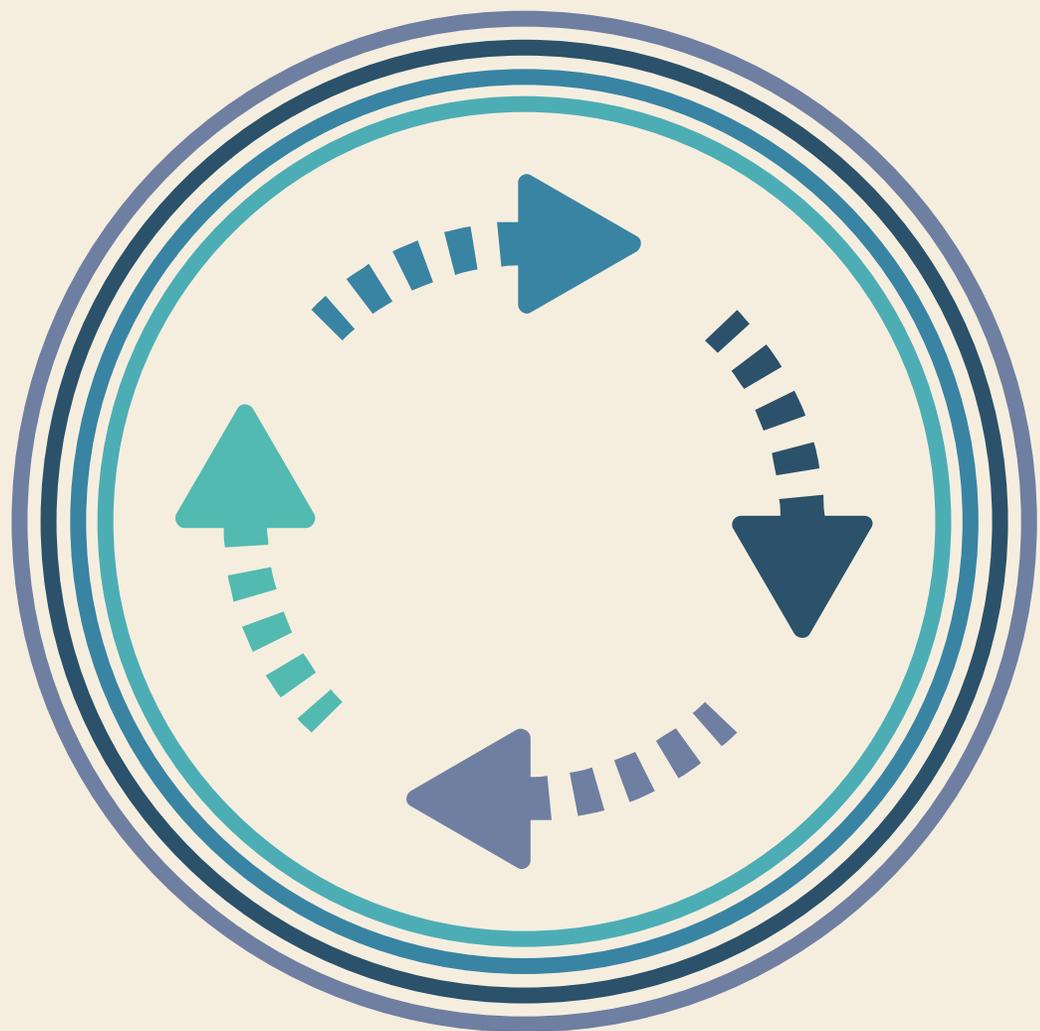
Make a project plan
with partners
How and who?



Translate your
project idea into EU
language and
format



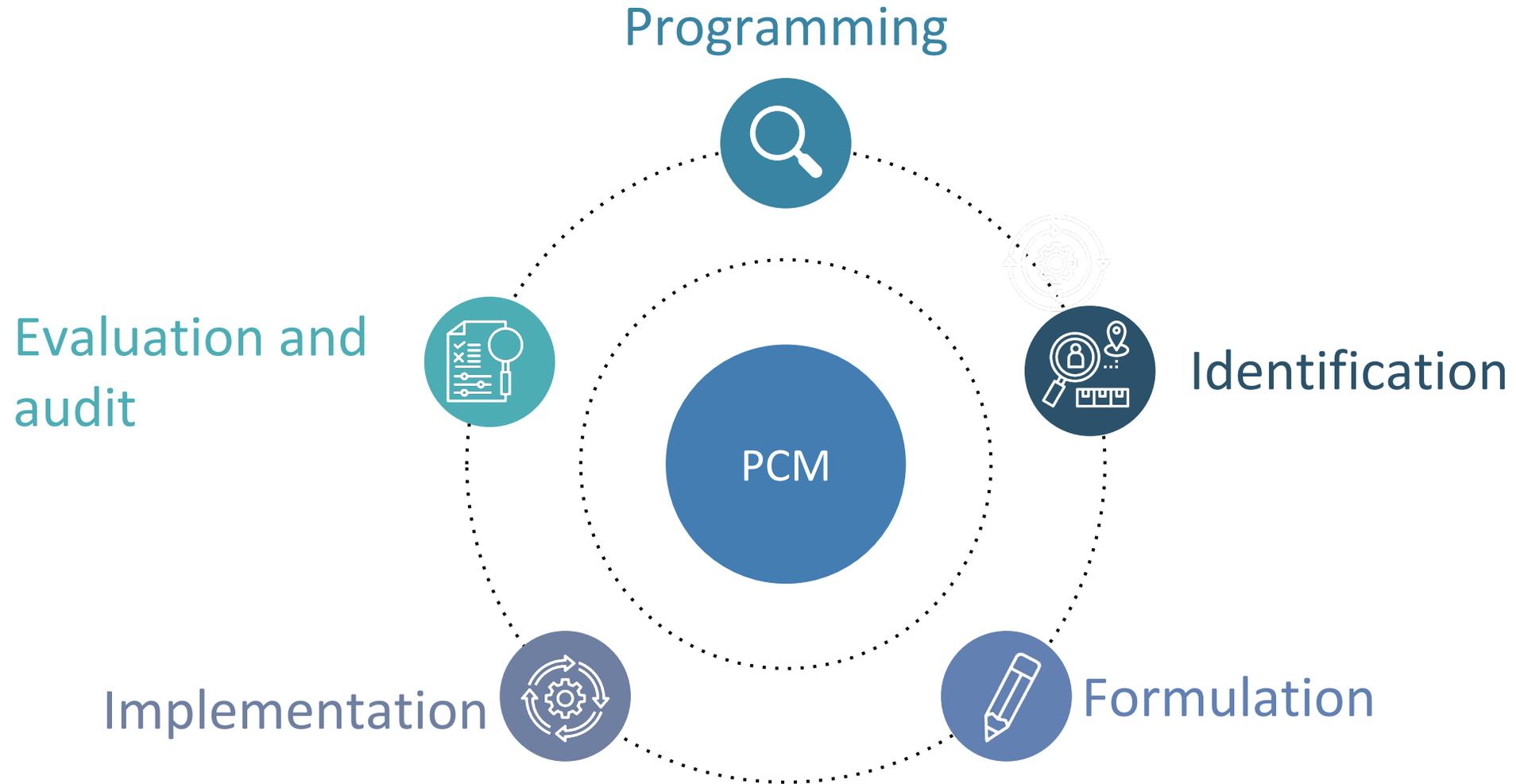
Implement, sign the
contract and
upgrade LF and
project plan



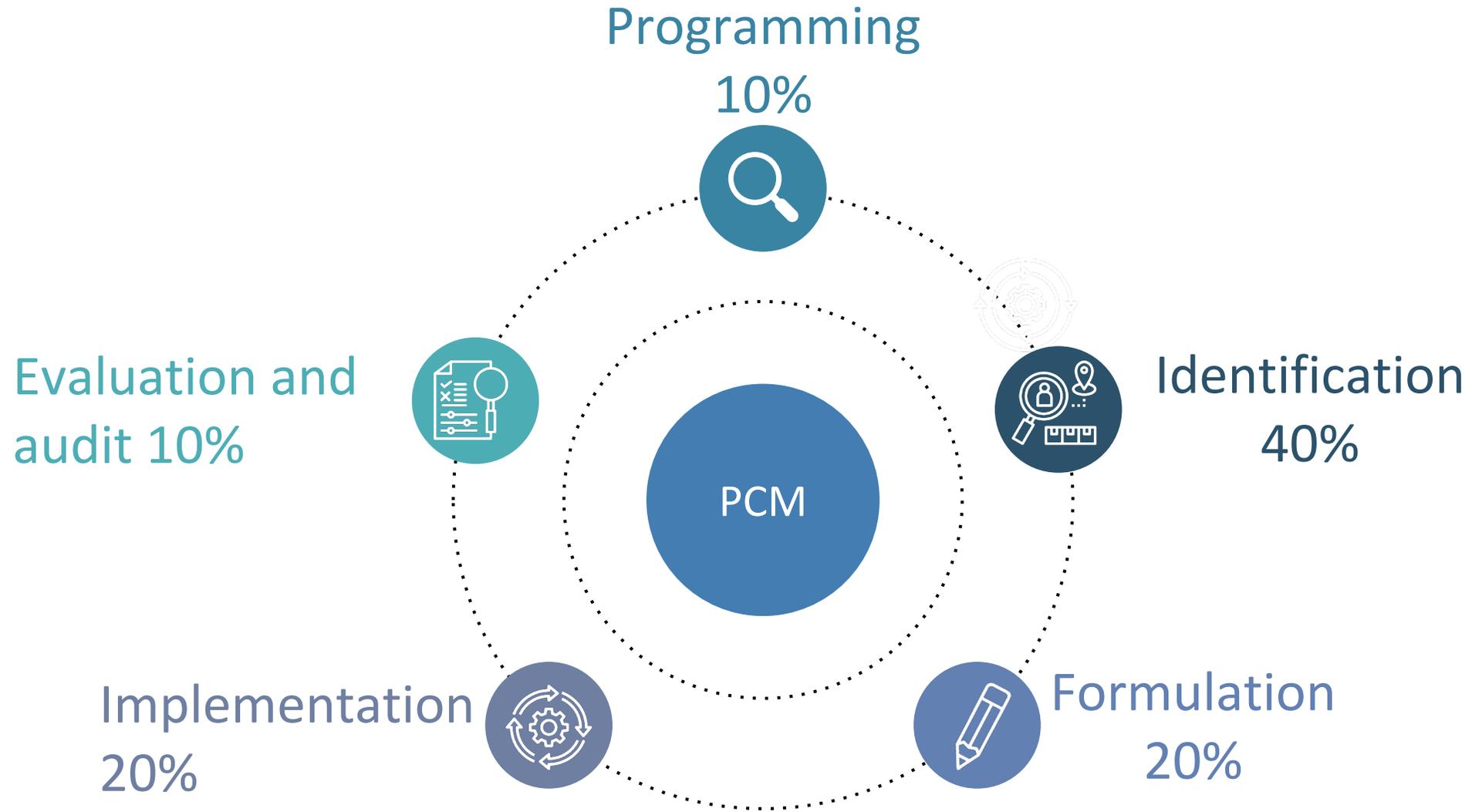
Complexity



Project cycle management

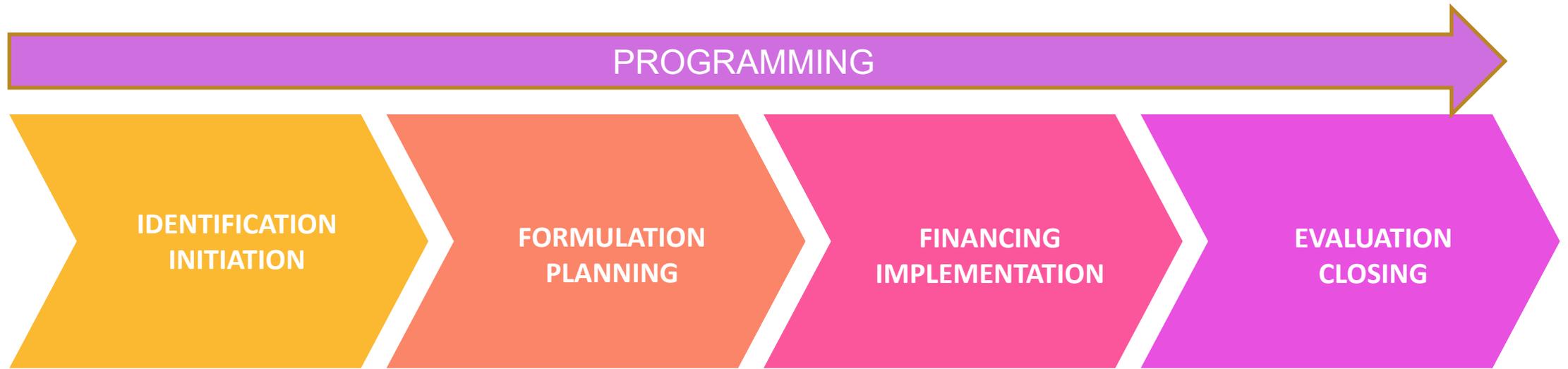


Project Cycle Management



PCM - INTEGRATED PROJECT PROCESSES

DELIVERABLES (DOCUMENTATION) IN EACH STAGE

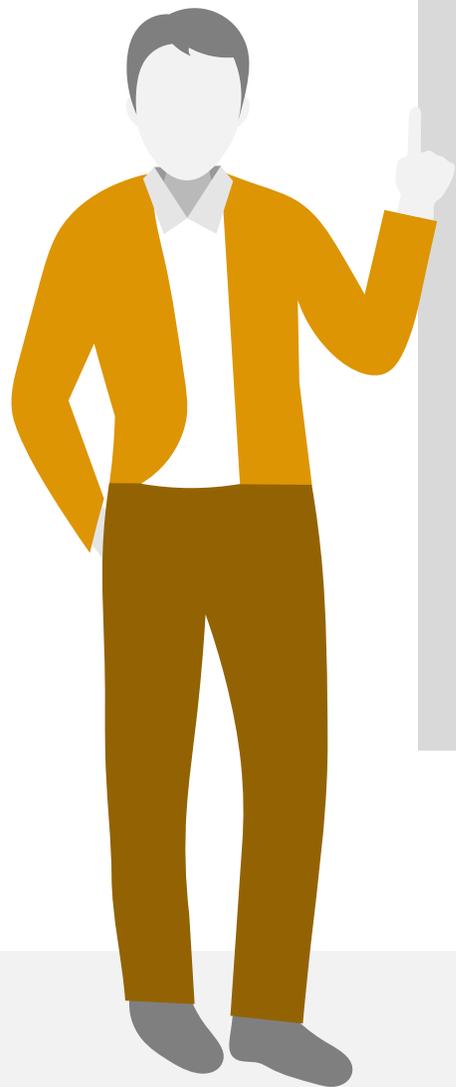


- Problem and objective analysis TREE
- Strategy selection
- Stakeholder analysis
- Project CONCEPT Note

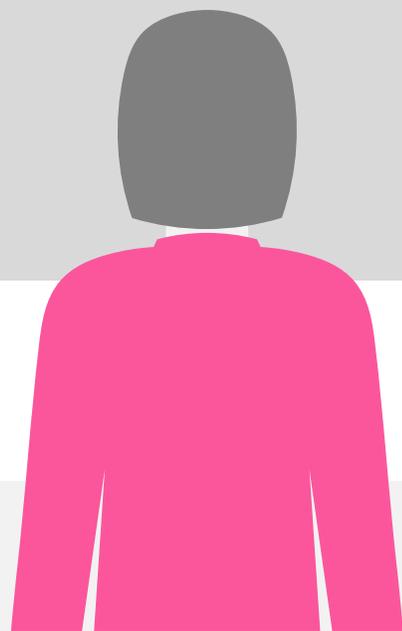
- Logical FRAMEWORK
- WORKBREAKDOWN structure mindmap
- GANTT CHART
- Resource plan and budget
- Project PLAN&application

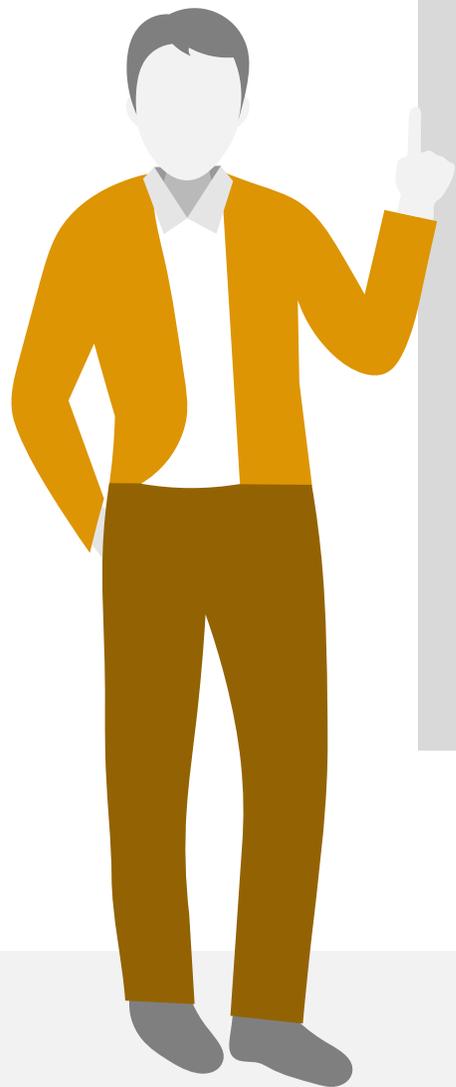
- Contract with EC
- Update WORKPLAN
- Actual work on implementation
- Communication plan
- Progress monitoring
- Dissemination
- Reporting

- REPORT on implemented project activity results (deliverables)
- Evaluation
- Audit

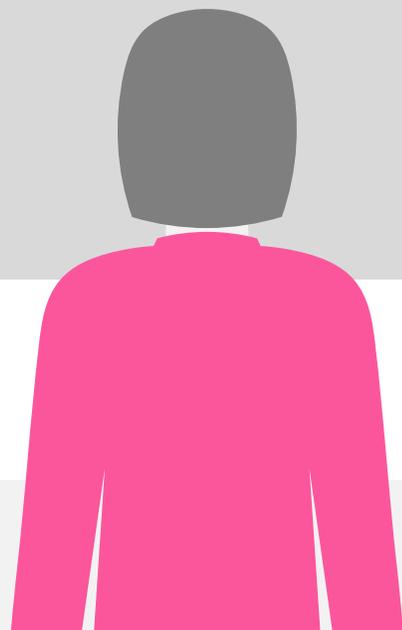


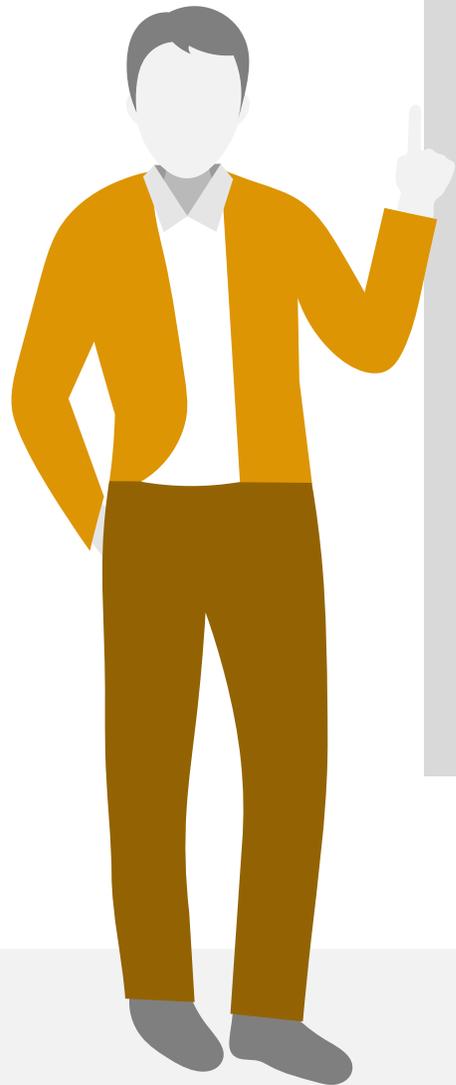
I have got a project idea 



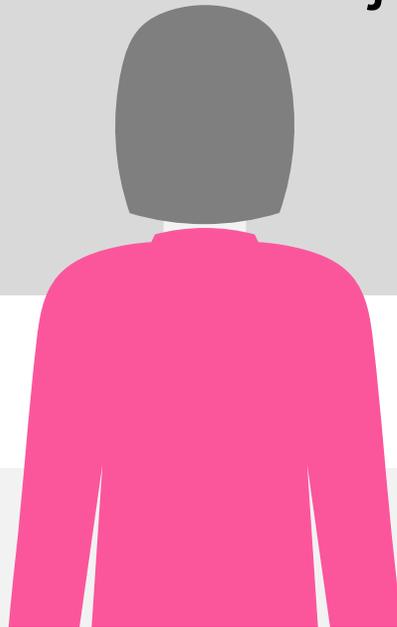


There is a problem... 





Problem...?
Project is a problem scheduled for solution!



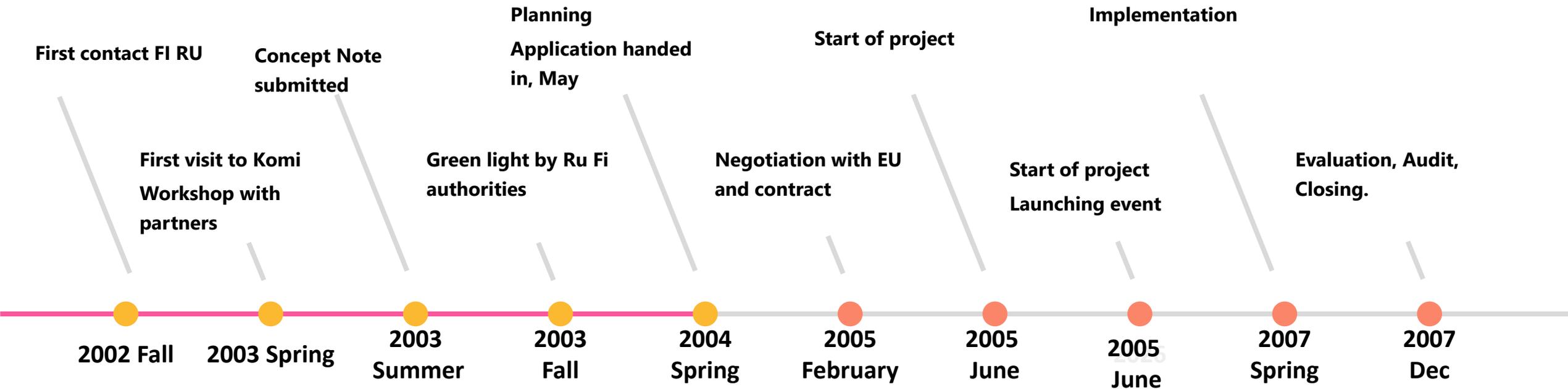
Case study Komi project



Kansainvälisen TKI-osaamisen kehittäminen Lapissa - KATOS

Project cycle timeline

Komi project



Identification

Formulation

Implementation

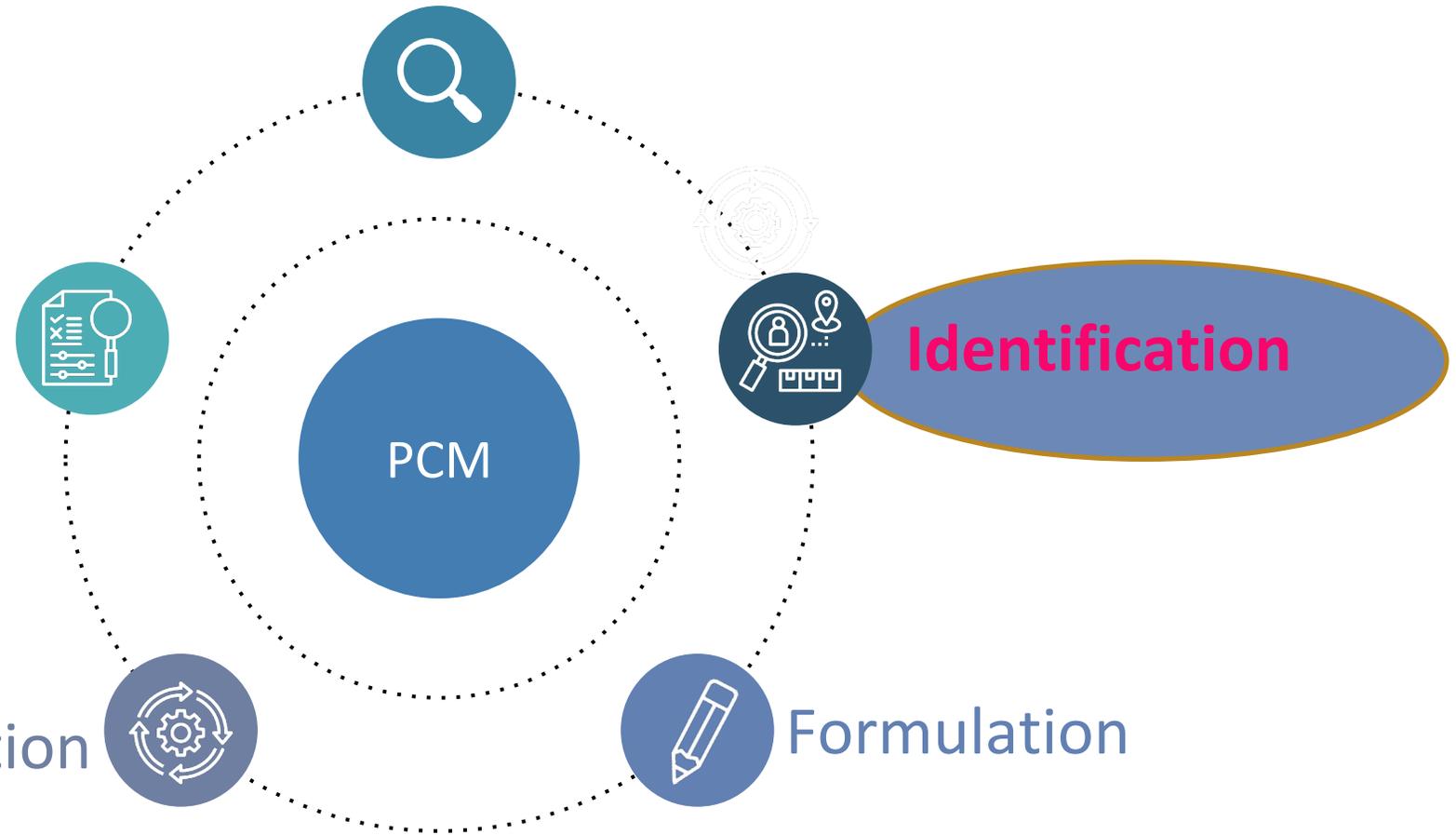
Evaluation



Programming

Evaluation and
audit

Implementation

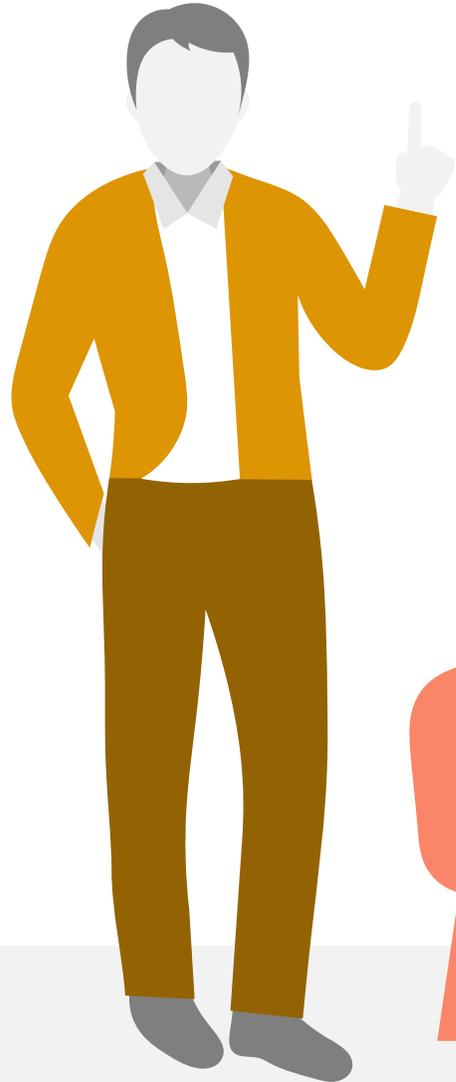




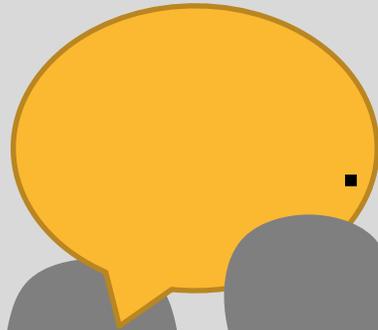
Initiating the project Identification - one year process

- Russian partners contact Finns in Autumn 2002
- First visit to Komi in March 2003
- Russians present problems of **mass rural unemployment** in Komi
- Discussing cooperation possibilities





**Problem:
Mass unemployment...**



Padlet brainstorm

Identification cycle

Project analysis

Stakeholder analysis

Identify, evaluate, understand and assess stakeholders

Problem analysis

Carry out analysis on economic, technological, social-cultural and environmental factors

Strategic analysis

Select project results/means/objectives and relate them to the project purpose and stakeholders

Objective analysis

Turn your problems into objectives. Define more specific needs among stakeholders. Frame hierarchy in objectives



Workshop to identify a problem

NOVELTY

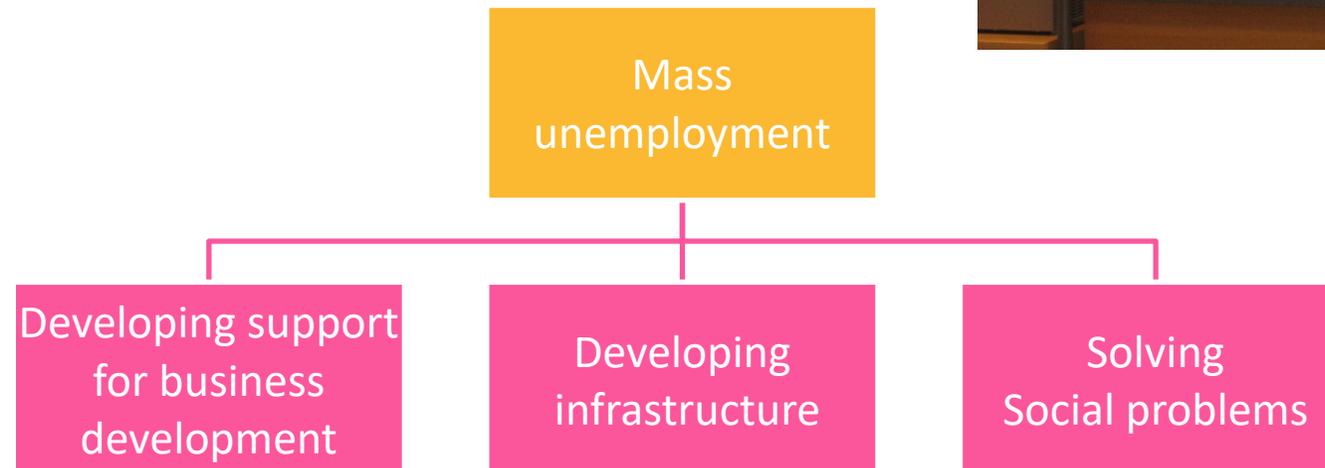
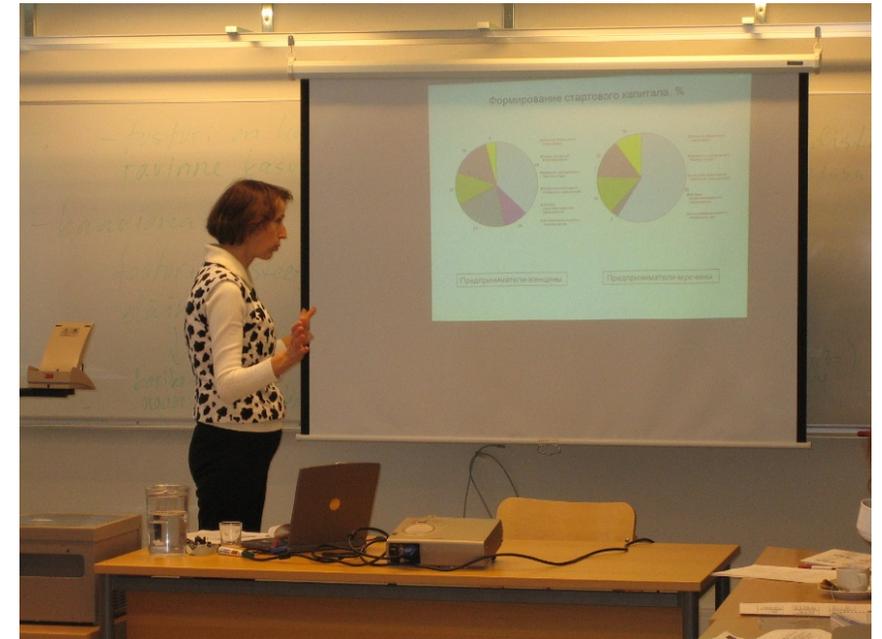


Mass
unemployment???



Developing a concept note

- Identifying alternative solutions
- Recommending preferred solutions
- Proposing implementation approach





Don's assume - analyse

- Assumptions in Komi project case
 - Restructuring of economy
 - Low productivity workers
 - Out-of-date skills
 - Lack of education
 - Equal unemployment between men and women

Initial project idea vs actual outcome of the analysis

Problem

Mass unemployment

Solution

Female entrepreneurship



Establishing a female entrepreneurship support center

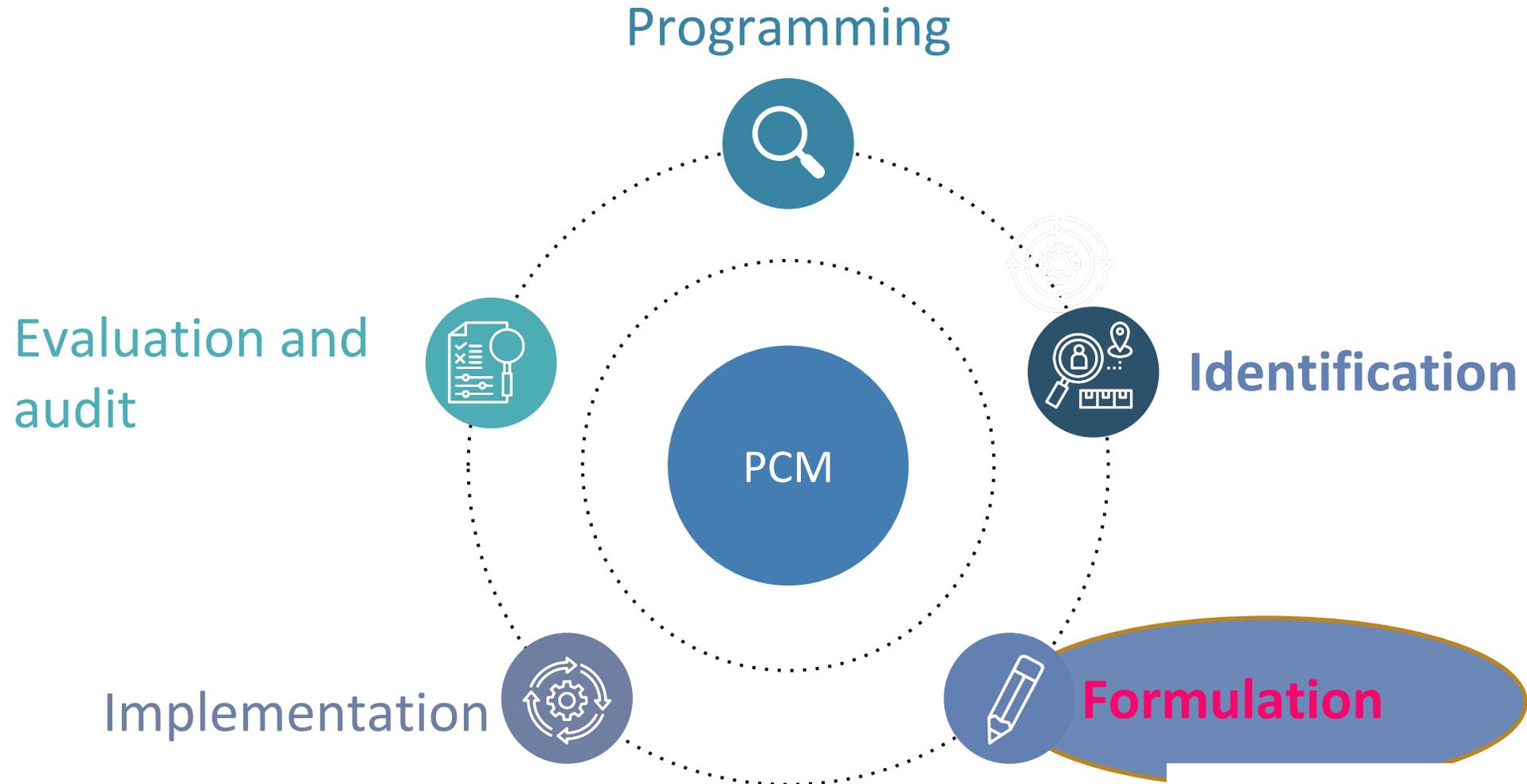
Concept note

- Getting approval from
 - Komi republic authorities: Ministry of Economic development, Government, Municipalities of Pilot districts
 - Rovaniemi Municipal Federation of Education, Finland
 - Ministry of Trade and Industry, Finland
 - Women Entrepreneurship Association
 - Consulting EC

Green light late fall 2003!!!



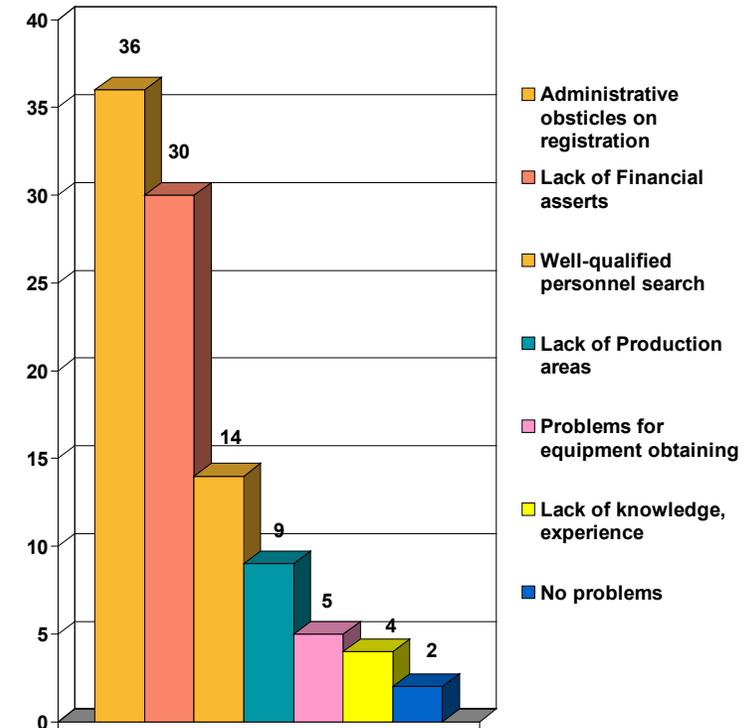
Project cycle management



Undertaking the feasibility study

September 2003-March 2004

- Conducting interviews, data collecting and analysis in Komi regarding unemployment and business opportunities
- Mapping opportunities that Lapland can offer
- Conducting another stakeholder workshop for strategy selection



Logical framework for a project

	Project summary	Indicators	Means	Assumptions
Objectives	Contribute to the socio-economic improvement	Improved GDP by x%	Statistics/Project resources	Risk assumptions
Outcome	Enhanced business development structure	Increased employment by x%	Statistics/Project resources	Risk assumptions
Outputs	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Established support center 2. Training carried out 3. Support for new businesses 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In the center of X country 2. X people trained 3. X loans 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Registration document 2. List of participants 3. Loans/Internal funds 	Participants
Activities	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establishing center <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.1. Registering center 1.2. Arranging office facilities 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Establishing center <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.1. 200000 euros 1.2. 12 Computers 	Means for project resource allocation	Funding arranged

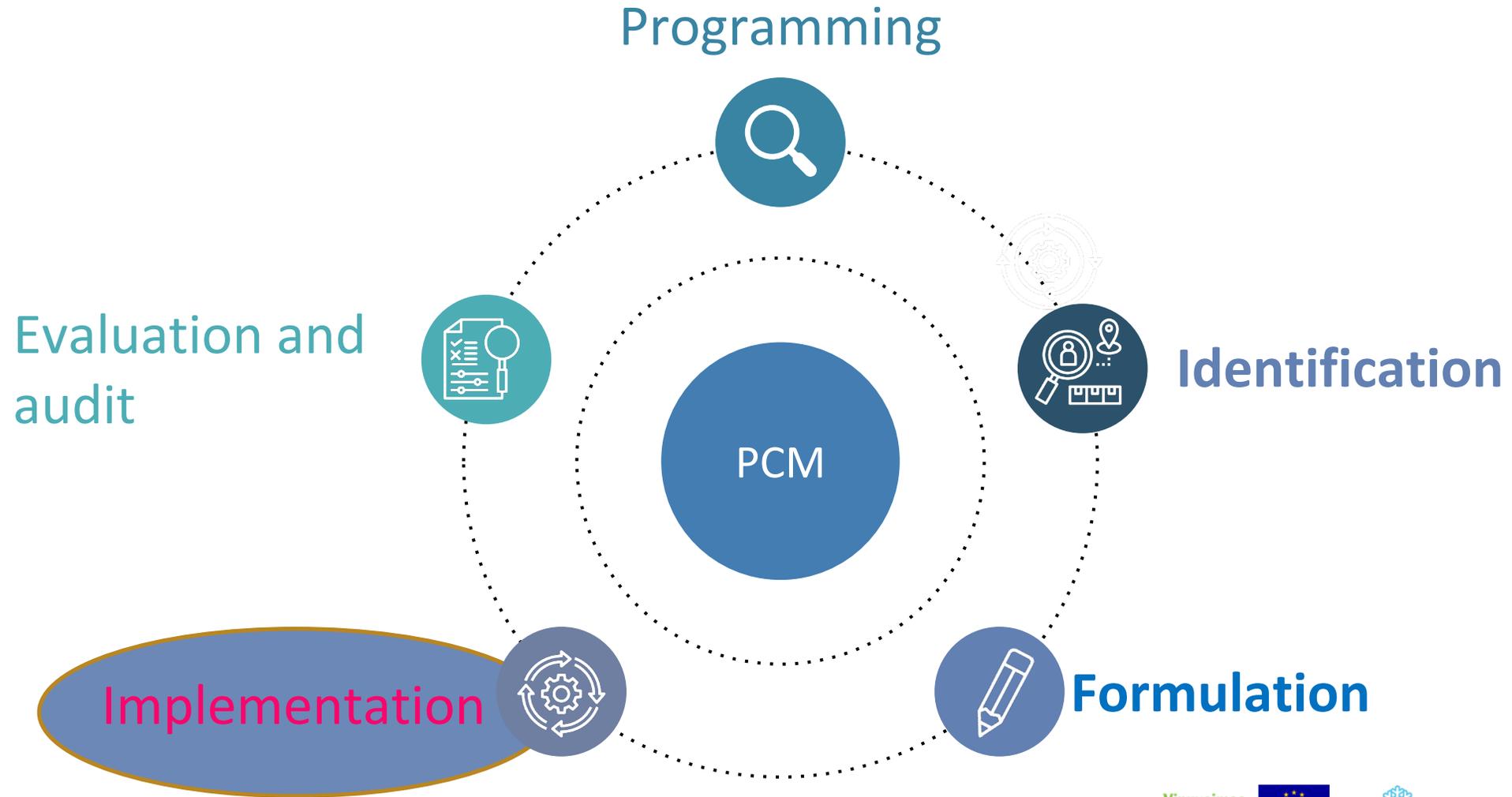


Project plan

- Full project plan in EU project application format submitted to EC Tacis Institutional Partnership Building Programme in May 2004 (today known as Kolarctic CBC)
- September 2004 project gets funding
- Until February 2005 negotiations process Finland-Russia-European Commission
- February 2005 contracts signed



Project cycle management



Launching the project

June 2005

- Project opening conference
- Stakeholder meeting
- Project plan updating
- Clear roles identified
- Communication and reporting plan finalised



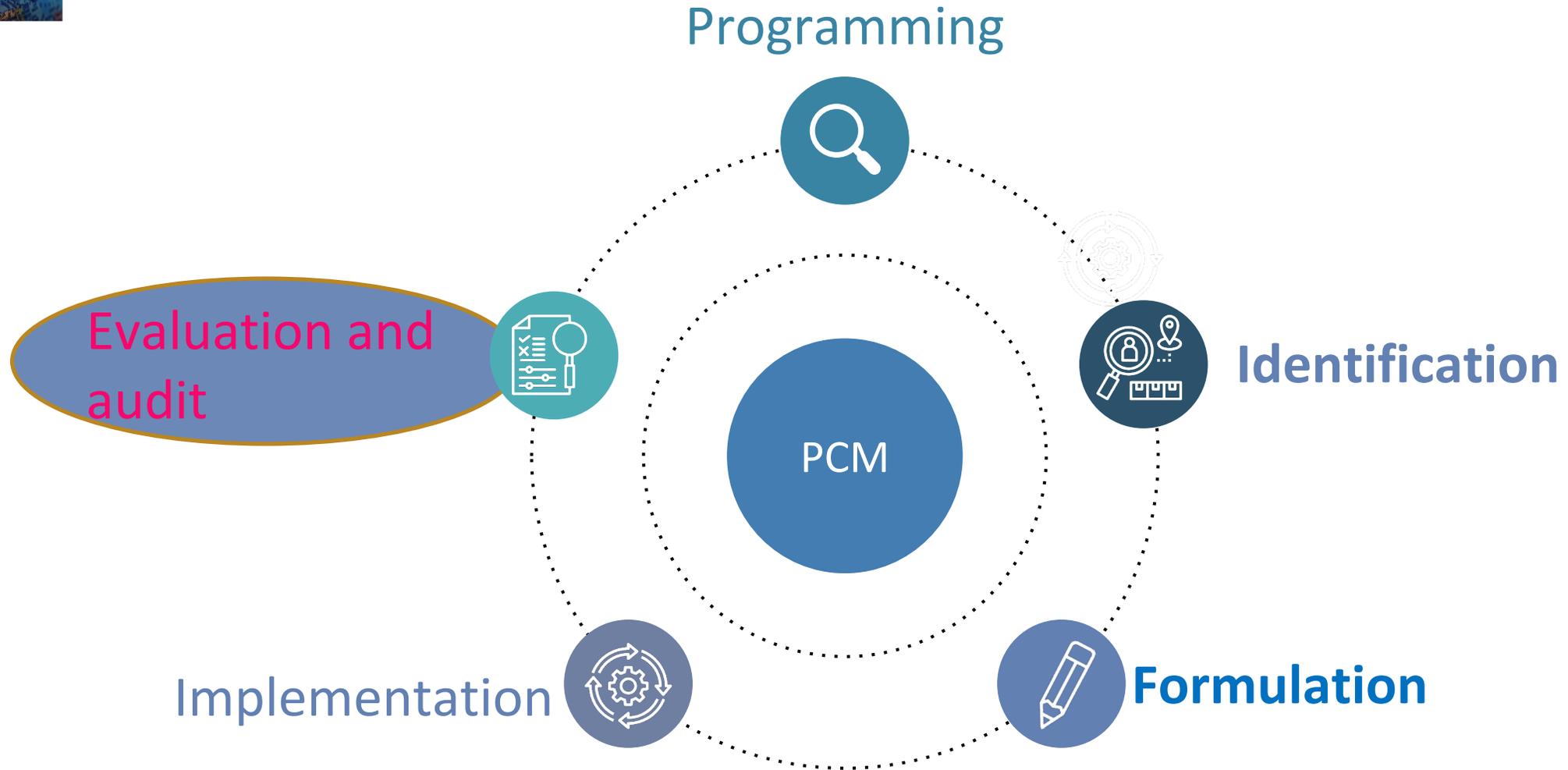
Project activities carried out

- New support centre for business ladies
- Training in rural districts
- 60 new businesses established
- Microloan system developed
- Study visits to Finland organised





Project cycle management





Project evaluation and closure

- Final reporting by partners march-May 2007
- Final reporting to EC June 2007
- External evaluation and audit September 2007
- Decision by EC on closing the project books
December 2007



Some tips and lessons learnt

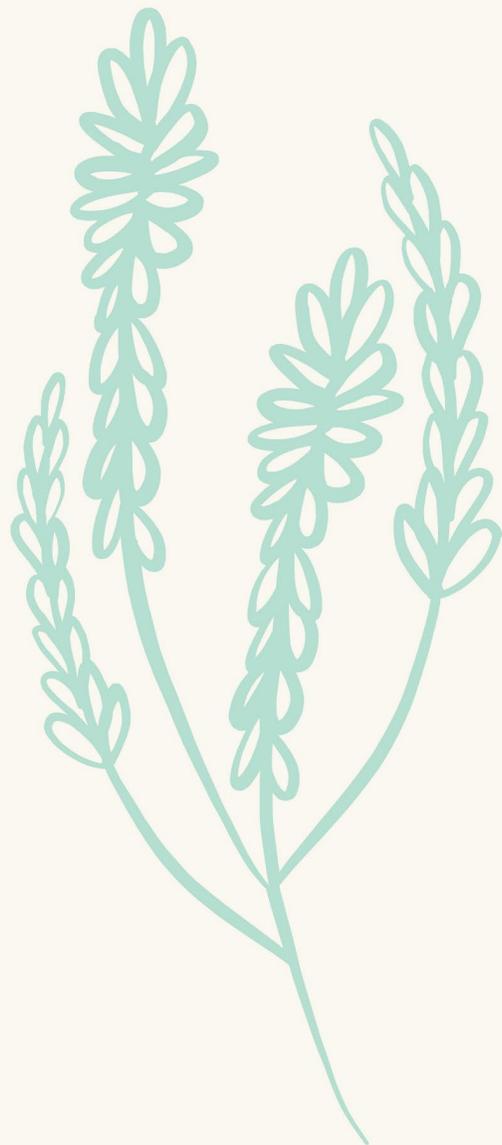
- Project Cycle Management is extremely practical model to apply in complex project settings and EU projects
- As you see it is not JUST about APPLICATION writing
- There is no shortcut
- Not all lifecycles should be as long as in the example, but they will be long anyway
- Today a success rate of the IP applications is 10-15% – so better put extra effort at the Identification phase before to put entire effort for application writing
- Learn and advance further with PCM approach



Discussion

What are your project cycle management experiences?

Please share in Chat or use mic and speak!



THANK YOU!